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of more than one network if those networks submit bids to furnish the same product category in the same CBA.

- (4) The network cannot be anticompetitive, and this section does not supersede any Federal law or regulation that regulates anticompetitive behavior.
- (5) A bid submitted by a network must include a statement from each network member certifying that the network member joined the network because it is unable independently to furnish all of the items in the product category for which the network is submitting a bid to beneficiaries throughout the entire geographic area of the CBA.
- (6) At the time that a network submits a bid, the network's total market share for each product category that is the subject of the network's bid cannot exceed 20 percent of the Medicare demand for that product category in the CBA.
- (c) If the network is awarded a contract, each supplier must submit its own claims and will receive payment directly from Medicare for the items that it furnishes under the competitive bidding program.

[72 FR 18085, Apr. 10, 2007]

§414.420 Physician or treating practitioner authorization and consideration of clinical efficiency and value of items.

- (a) Prescription for a particular brand item or mode of delivery. (1) A physician or treating practitioner may prescribe, in writing, a particular brand of an item for which payment is made under a competitive bidding program, or a particular mode of delivery for an item, if he or she determines that the particular brand or mode of delivery would avoid an adverse medical outcome for the beneficiary.
- (2) When a physician or treating practitioner prescribes a particular brand or mode of delivery of an item under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the physician or treating practitioner must document the reason in the beneficiary's medical record why the particular brand or mode of delivery is medically necessary to avoid an adverse medical outcome.

- (b) Furnishing of a prescribed particular brand item or mode of delivery. If a physician or treating practitioner prescribes a particular brand of an item or mode of delivery, the contract supplier must—
- (1) Furnish the particular brand or mode of delivery as prescribed by the physician or treating practitioner;
- (2) Consult with the physician or treating practitioner to find an appropriate alternative brand of item or mode of delivery for the beneficiary and obtain a revised written prescription from the physician or treating practitioner; or
- (3) Assist the beneficiary in locating a contract supplier that can furnish the particular brand of item or mode of delivery prescribed by the physician or treating practitioner.
- (c) Payment for a particular brand of item or mode of delivery. Medicare does not make an additional payment to a contract supplier that furnishes a particular brand or mode of delivery for an item, as directed by a prescription written by the beneficiary's physician or treating practitioner.
- (d) Prohibition on billing for an item different from the particular brand of item or mode of delivery prescribed. A contract supplier is prohibited from submitting a claim to Medicare if it furnishes an item different from that specified in the written prescription received from the beneficiary's physician or treating practitioner. Payment will not be made to a contract supplier that submits a claim prohibited by this paragraph.

[72 FR 18085, Apr. 10, 2007]

§414.422 Terms of contracts.

- (a) Basic rule. CMS specifies the terms and conditions of the contracts entered into with contract suppliers under this subpart. A contract supplier must comply with all terms of its contract, including any option exercised by CMS, for the full duration of the contract period.
- (b) Recompeting competitive bidding contracts. CMS recompetes competitive bidding contracts at least once every 3 years.
- (c) Nondiscrimination. The items furnished by a contract supplier under this subpart must be the same items